

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER OF PATENTS AND TRADEMARKS Weshington, D.C. 20231

SERIAL NUMBER	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED IN	/ENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.
	09/22/89	MAGLICA	A	188167
07/411,576	03722.03			EXAMINER
			TUNG, M	
LYON & LYON		#2400	ART U	NIT PAPER NUMBER
611 WEST SIXTH ST., STE. #34 LOS ANGELES, CA 90017		. #3400	291	10
			DATE MAILE	D: 11/13/90
is is a communication from DMMISSIONER OF PATEN	the examiner in charge of yo TS AND TRADEMARKS	ur application.		
This application has be		Responsive to communication		This action is made final.
nortened statutory period	d for response to this ac	tion is set to expire	month(s), me abandoned. 35 U.S.0	
		il cause the application to become		
		RE PART OF THIS ACTION:	/	. DTO 048
a ☐ Notice of Art Cl	ences Cited by Examiner ted by Applicant, PTO-1	449. 4.	Notice re Patent Drawing Notice of Informal Patent World Dund	t Application, Form PTO-152.
5. Information on	How to Effect Drawing C	hanges, PTO-1474. 6. L	a II procupate	
t II SUMMARY OF	ACTION			
1. 🗹 Cialmy 15				ere-pending in the applicat
•				_ are withdrawn from considerat
Of the al	pove, cialms			
2. Claims	·			have been cancelled.
3. Claims				are allowed.
a vis		vs, drawing		ere rejected.
4. Claims	- description	er demulnac		are ablacted to
5. 12 Claims 19	ure ouscription	15, arawing		are objected to.
6. Claims			are subject to r	estriction or election requirement
a Charles	n has been filed with inf	ormal drawings under 37 C.F.R.	1.85 which are acceptable	for examination purposes.
		nse to this Office action.		
9. The corrected	or substitute drawings t	nave been received on	. Unde	or 37 C.F.R. 1.84 these drawings
are 🗌 acce	ptable. 🔲 not acceptat	ole (see explanation of Notice re	Patent Drawing, 1 10 040).	
10. The proposed examiner.	additional or substitute disapproved by the ex-	sheet(s) of drawings, filed on $_$ aminer (see explanation).	has (have	e) been LI approved by the
11. The proposed	I drawing correction, file	d on, has	been 🛘 approved. 🗖 d	lisapproved (see explanation).
12. Acknowledgm	nent is made of the claim	for priority under U.S.C. 119. T	he certified copy has 🔲 b	een received 🔲 not been received
☐ been filed	i in parent application, s	erial no.	; filed on	
49 Since this an	nilcation appears to be in		t for formal matters, prosect	ution as to the merits is closed in
14. Other				

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1. The benefit of continuity only applies to the informal drawing under 35 USC § 120, in that Fig.8 shows the same flashlight as shown in parent applications: 06/648032; 06/828729; 07/034918; 07/222378; and 07/356361. However, the design of the flashlight in the formal drawing Figs. 1-4 does not get benefit of priority. The formal drawing shows a change to the Fig.8 flashlight which is not the same as the flashlight disclosed in the five parent applications. Note the difference in the attached copies:

In the formal drawing, the head is rounded. The informal drawing, however, shows an partially drawn Fig.8 flashlight head which is a direct embodiment of Fig.1. The Fig.1 head shows a distinct contour that marks a definite change in plane. Note A on the attached photoprints Figs.1-4, on the formal drawings, Fig.8 on the informal drawing, and the original drawings in the parent applications.

2. For preferred form the figure descriptions must be amended to read:

--Fig.1 is a front top perspective view of a miniature flashlight showing my new design;

Fig.2 is a side elevational view thereof, the other side being identical;

Fig. 3 is a top plan view thereof;

Fig.4 is a bottom plan view thereof.--

Correction is required. 35 USC 112 par. 2, 37 CFR 1.117.

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- 3. Because of the description of the undisclosed side in Fig.2 -- and described -- must be added to the claim after "shown". Correction is required. 35 USC 112 par. 2, 37 CFR 1.117.
- 4. For proper form (37 CFR 1.153), the claim must be amended to read: I claim: The ornamental design for a MINIATURE FLASHLIGHT as shown and described. Correction is required. 35 USC 112 par. 2, 37 CFR 1.117.
- 5. The drawing is objected to for the following reasons:
 - b) The texture of the grip in all views must be completed for clarity and definiteness.
 - c) The lines in all views are too light and blurry. Lines must be clean, sharp, solid and black for a clear disclosure.
 - d) Attention is directed to attached PTO-948 which requires a new drawing.

Correction is required. 35 USC 112 par. 1, 37 CFR 1.152.

- 6. A photoprint or photoprints showing the proposed corrections in red ink must be submitted for the Examiner's approval. Care should be exercised to avoid introduction of new matter. (35 U.S.C. 132; 37 CFR 1.118).
- 7. Applicant is required to submit a proposed drawing correction in response to this Office action. However, correction of the noted defect can be deferred until the application is allowed by the examiner.
- 8. The claim is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103 as being unpatentable over Maglica patent no. 4658336, Fig.8, in view of Huang.

Although the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in Section 102 of the statute, if the

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differences between the subject matter sought to be patented, and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person of ordinary ability in the art to which said subject matter pertains, the invention is not patentable.

The Maglica patent, Fig. 8, shows a flashlight of essentially the same appearance as the claimed design except for the rounded head. The Huang patent shows a rounded head similar to that of the claimed design.

- 9. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have modified the Maglica, Fig.8, flashlight by providing a rounded head as shown by the Huang flashlight to meet the overall appearance of the claimed design.
- 10. This modification of the basic reference in light of the secondary prior art is proper because the applied references are so related that the appearance of features shown in one would suggest the application of those features to the other. In re Rosen, 213 USPQ 347 (CCPA 1982); In re Carter, 213 USPQ 625 (CCPA 1982), and In re Glavas, 109 USPQ 50 (CCPA 1956). Further, it is noted that case law has held that one skilled in the art is charged with knowledge of the related art; therefore, the combination of old elements, herein, would have been well within the level of ordinary skill. In re Antle, 170 USPQ 285 (CCPA 1961) and In re Nalbandian, 211 USPQ 782 (CCPA 1982).
- 11. The remaining references are cited as cumulative art.

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- The claim stands rejected under and 35 USC § 103. 12.
- 13. Any inquiry concerning this communication should be directed to M. Tung at telephone number (703) 603-0505.

M. Tung November 07, 1990 **EXAMINER**

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